# Central Springs/East Coast Draft Regional Water Supply Plan

Public Workshop at the Lake County Commissioner Chambers

July 29, 2021

St. Johns River Water Management District



#### Welcome and Introductions

Clay Coarsey, Bureau Chief Water Supply Planning



#### Agenda

- Welcome and Introductions
- Central Springs/East Coast (CSEC) Display Panel Stations (Q&A)
- CSEC RWSP Overview Presentation
- Public Comment
- Closing Remarks



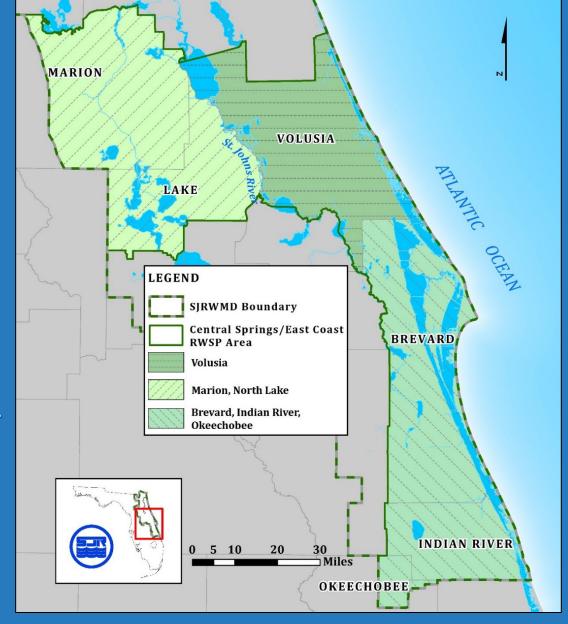
#### Central Springs/East Coast Display Panels

- Water Supply Planning
- Data and Projections
- Resource Constraints
- Projects
- Water Conservation



### CSEC RWSP Overview Presentation

Joy Kokjohn, Regional Water Supply Planning Coordinator Bureau of Water Supply Planning





# Regional Water Supply Planning §373.709, F.S.

The governing board of each water management district shall conduct water supply planning for a water supply planning region..., where it determines that existing sources of water are not adequate to supply water for all existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and to sustain the water resources and related natural systems for the planning period.



### What is a Regional Water Supply Plan (RWSP)?

#### Constitutes an assessment of:

- how much water is needed over the planning horizon, and
- whether traditional sources can meet that demand

#### While:

- protecting the water resources and related natural systems, and
- identifying future water supply sources

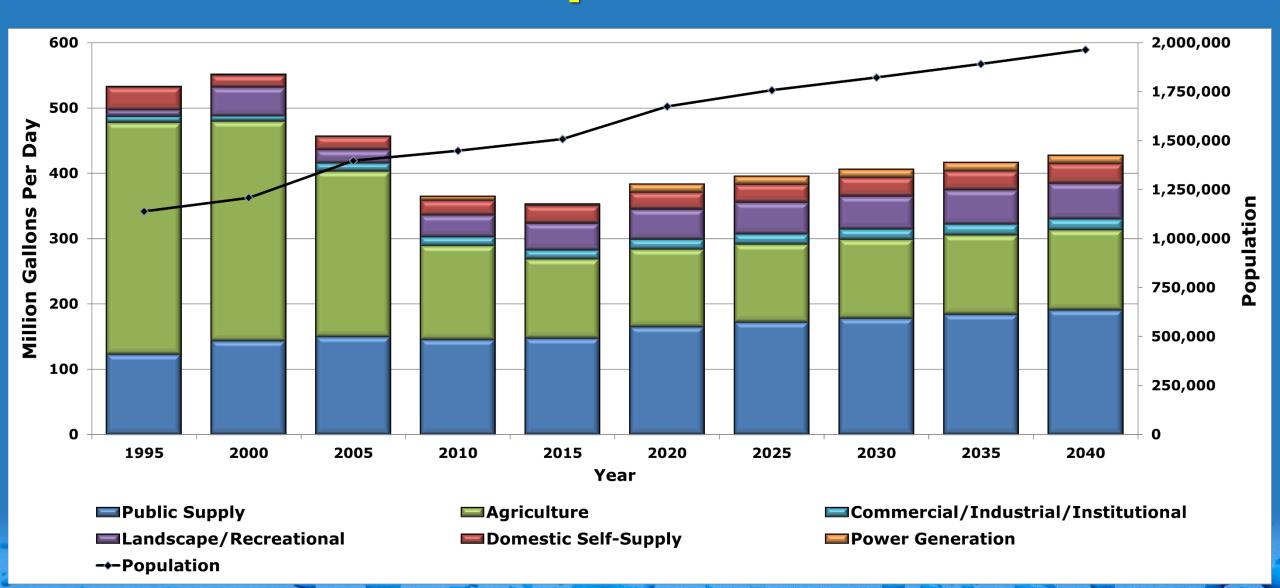


# Regional Water Supply Planning Process

- 20-year planning horizon
- Conducted in an open public process
- Coordination with other agencies
- Approval by the Governing Board
- Updated every five years

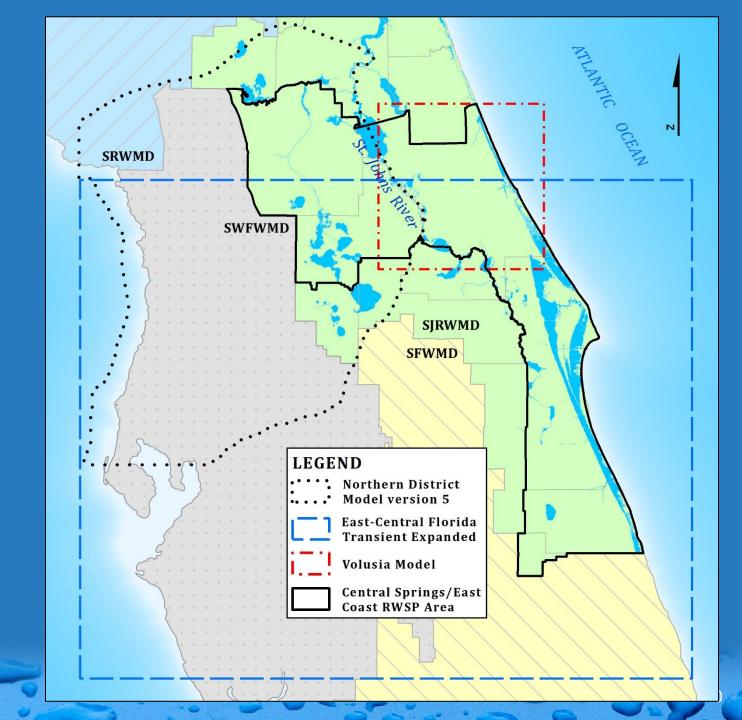


# CSEC Historic and Projected Water Use and Population



# CSEC Groundwater Flow Models

- Northern District Model v 5
- Volusia Model
- East-Central Florida
   Transient Expanded Model





#### **Water Resource Evaluation**

Can future water demand be met with traditional sources, while protecting water resources and related natural systems?

Minimum flows and minimum levels
Groundwater quality
Wetlands

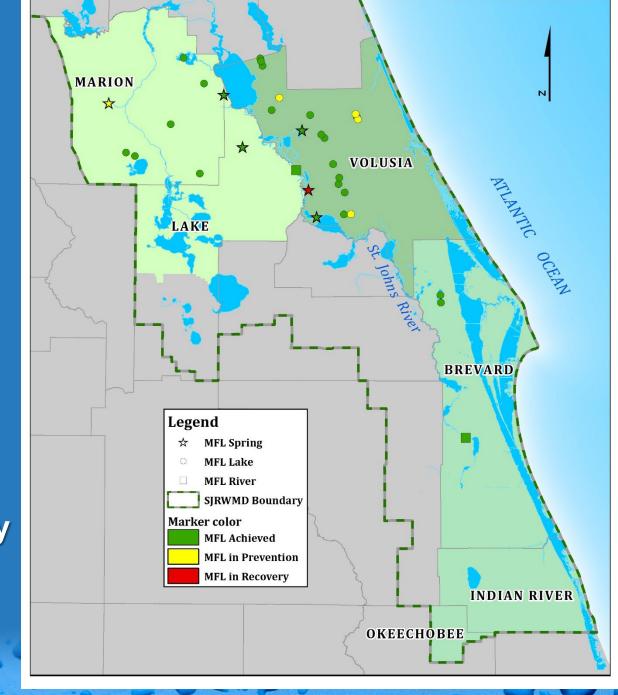


# Minimum Flows and Minimum Levels (MFLs)

- Assessed MFL water bodies = 33
- Water bodies in prevention = 5
- Water bodies in recovery = 1

#### **Prevention/Recovery Strategies**

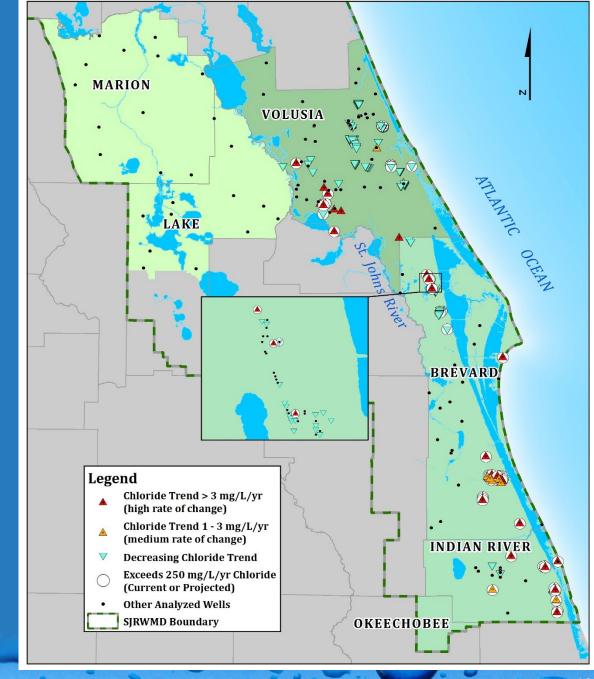
- 2013 Volusia Strategy and five-year assessment
- 2017 Silver Springs Prevention Strategy
- 2020 Lake Butler Strategy





# Water Quality (Saltwater Intrusion)

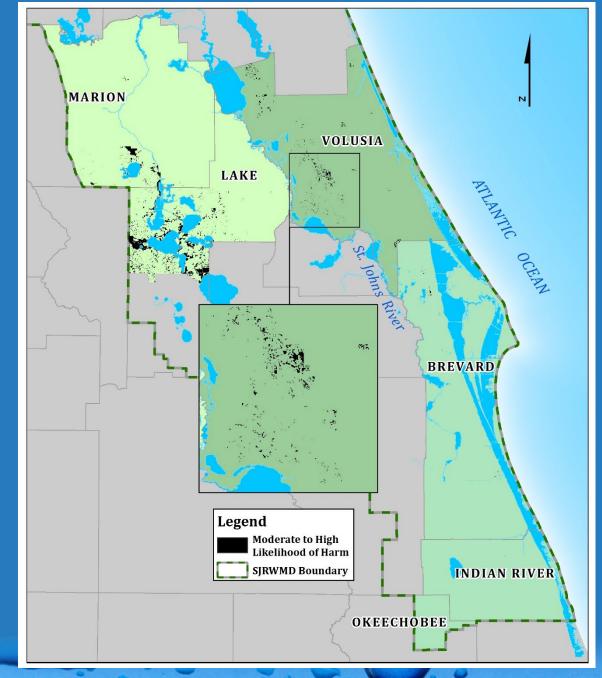
- 389 wells analyzed for chloride trends
- 61 wells with high rate of change (> 3 mg/L/yr)
- 14 wells with medium rate of change (1 – 3 mg/L/yr)
- 23 wells predicted to exceed 250 mg/L SDWS by 2040





#### Wetlands

- 34,091 acres at risk in 2040
- Represents 4% of the wetland (sensitive vegetation) acreage in the CSEC planning region
- Provides regional picture of potential change (not realized change)
- Regulatory program provides actual verification and monitoring





#### Water Resource Evaluation Results

- Traditional groundwater sources can meet some, but not all projected water demand
- Water demand projections exceed fresh groundwater availability
- There are springs and lakes that are currently not achieving or projected to not achieve their MFLs
- There are wells with increasing chloride trends and wells projected to exceed the chloride standard
- Wetland acreage at potential risk for change

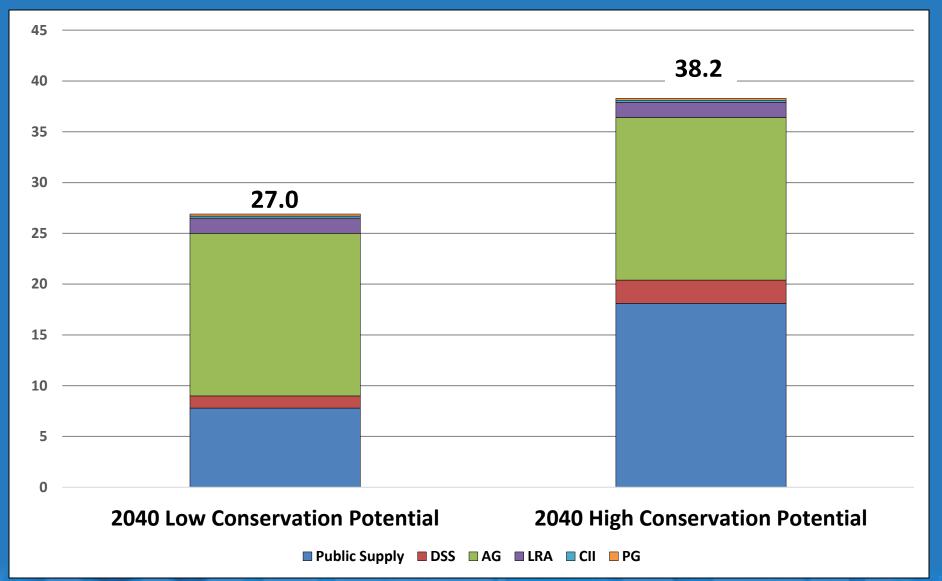


## Since traditional sources cannot meet future demand while protecting water resources...

- The plan identifies projects to meet future water demands
  - water supply development
  - water resource development
  - water conservation
  - reclaimed water
- Future demand can be met, while protecting water resources, through a combination of alternative sources and other identified projects



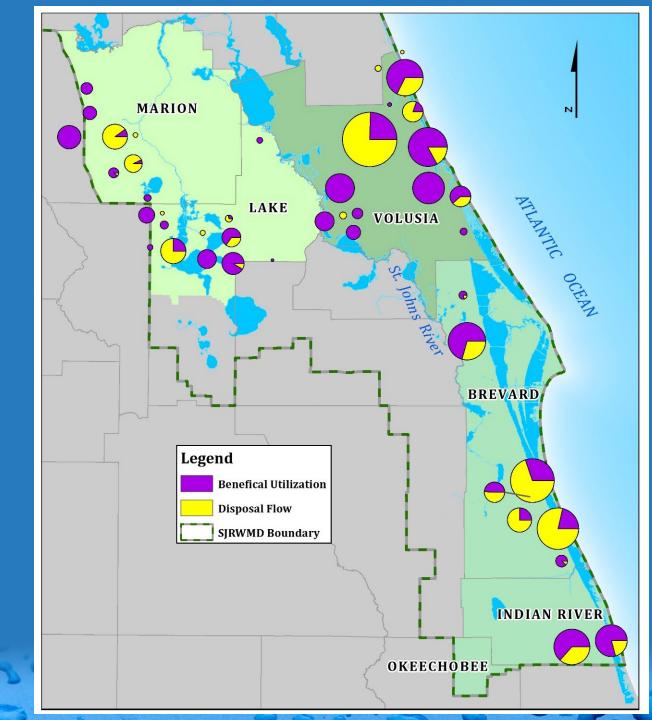
#### **Water Conservation Potential**





# Reclaimed Water Availability

Category	2015 Percent (mgd)	FDEP 75% (mgd)
Existing Additional Reclaimed Water for Reuse	13.6	27.0
2040 Potential New Reclaimed Water for Reuse	16.6	21.5
2040 Total	30.3	48.5





### Water Resource Development Projects

Туре	Number of Projects	Quantity Water Produced (mgd)	Estimated Construction Cost (Million dollars)
Groundwater (brackish)	3	22.5	<b>\$0.3</b>
Reclaimed Water	1	6.0	<b>\$5.3</b>
Surface Water	2	14.9	\$38.7
Stormwater	1	3.0	<b>\$0.3</b>
Multi-Source <sup>1</sup>	5	12.6	\$30.0
Total	12	59.0	\$74.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Combined source that can include reclaimed water, surface water, and stormwater



### Water Supply Development Projects

Туре	Number of Projects	Quantity Water Produced (mgd)	Estimated Construction Cost (Million dollars)
Groundwater (fresh)	5	14.3	\$89.5
Groundwater (AWS¹)	9	31.1	\$160.6
Reclaimed Water	34	26.4	\$172.3
Surface Water	3	3.6	\$10.5
Multi-Source <sup>2</sup>	2	12.1	\$11.6
Total	53	87.5	\$444.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes brackish groundwater and groundwater from Lower Floridan aquifer in Marion and north Lake counties <sup>2</sup> Combined source that can include reclaimed water, surface water, and stormwater



#### Conclusions

- Projected 75 mgd increase in demand from 2015 to 2040
- Cannot be met with traditional sources alone without predicted impacts to MFL water bodies, groundwater quality, wetlands
- CSEC RWSP identifies 229.4 mgd of projects and measures that will meet future demand, while protecting water resources and related natural systems



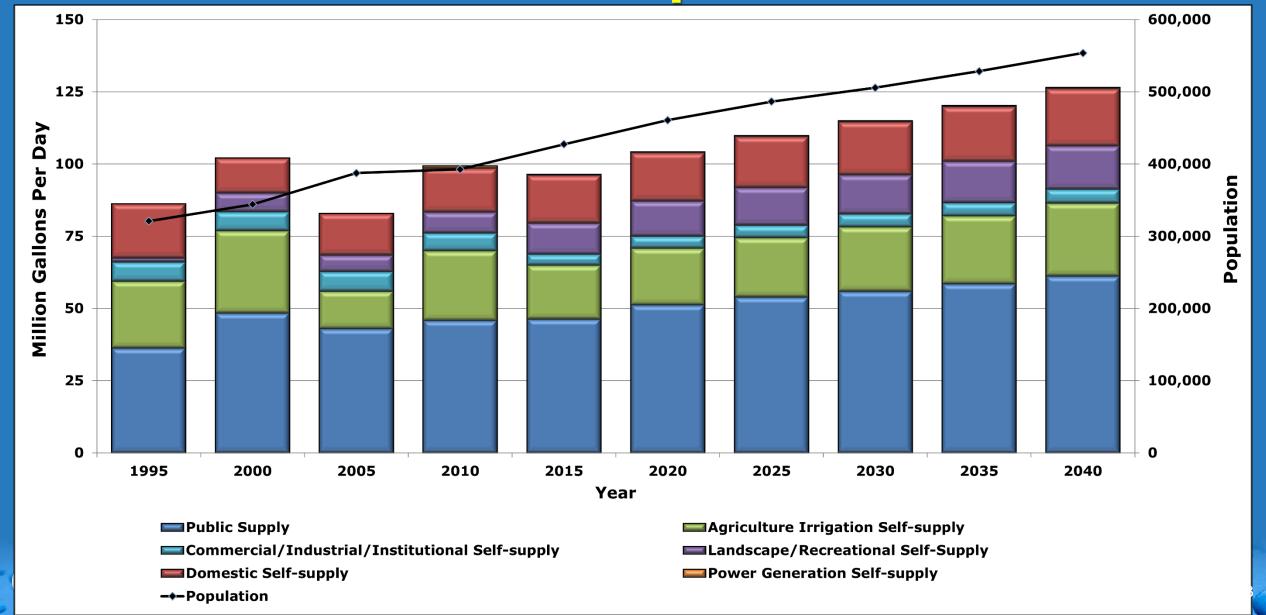
### Marion and Northern Lake Sub-Region



**Silver Springs, Marion County** 

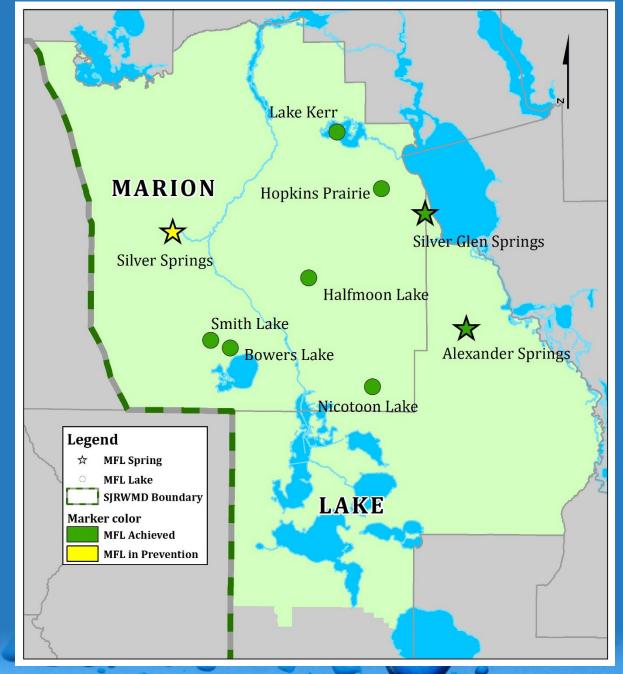


### Marion and North Lake Historic and Projected Water Use and Population



### Marion and North Lake MFLs

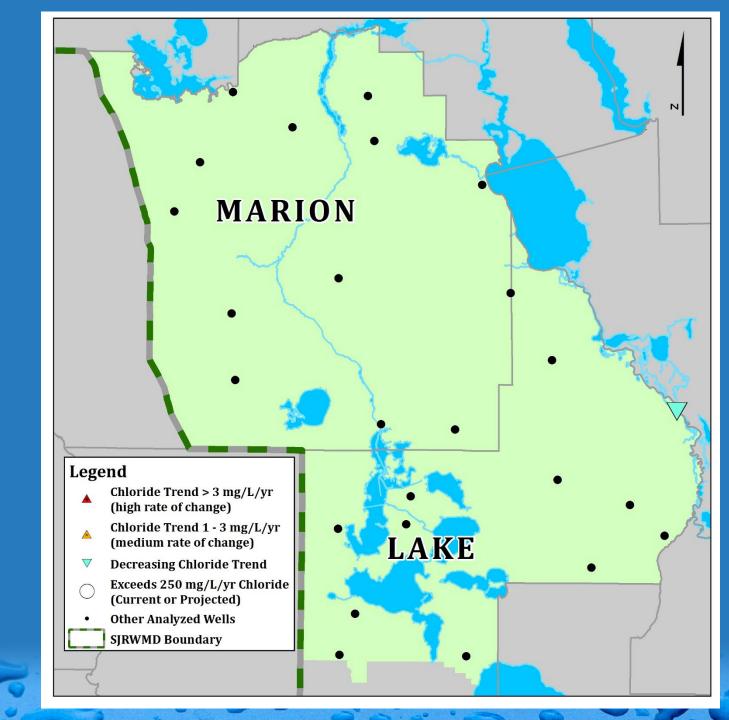
- MFL lakes = 6
- MFL springs = 3 (all Outstanding Florida Springs)
- Silver Springs in prevention
  - 2017 Silver Springs
     Prevention Strategy



# Marion and North Lake Groundwater Quality

#### **DOWN Wells**

- High rate Cl<sup>-</sup> change = 0
- Medium rate Cl<sup>-</sup> change = 0
- Decreasing Cl<sup>-</sup> trend = 1





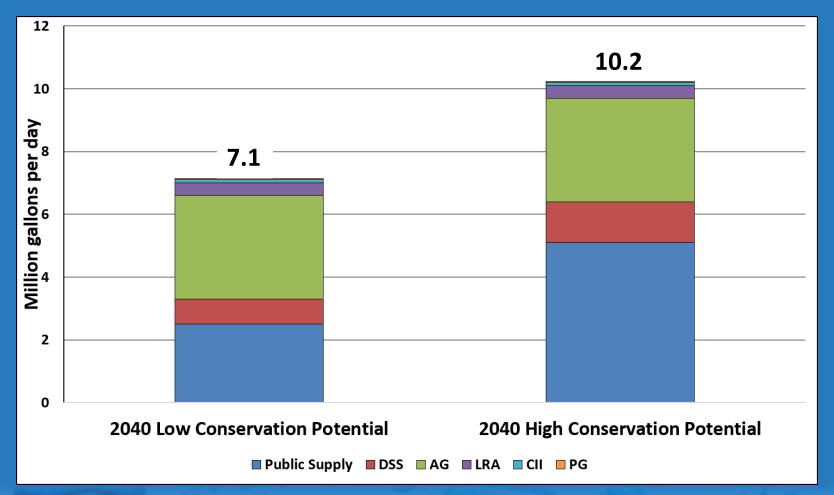
### Marion and North Lake Wetlands

Wetland acreage at moderate or high potential for change due to increased withdrawals by 2040

- Marion = 4,686
- North Lake = 24,504

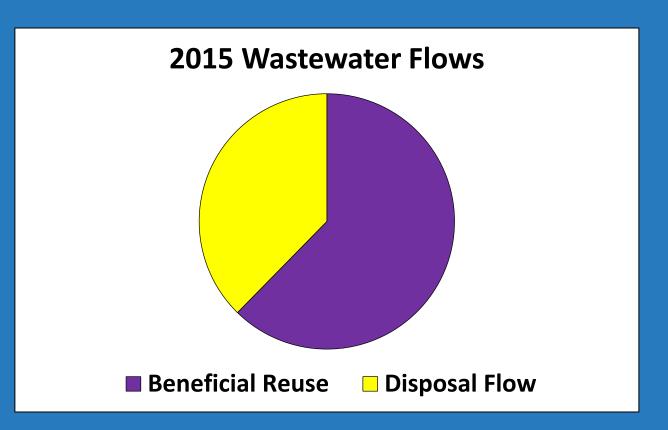


### Marion and North Lake Water Conservation Potential





# Marion and North Lake Reclaimed Water Availability



Category	2015 Percent (mgd)	FDEP 75% (mgd)
Existing Additional Reclaimed Water for Reuse	2.4	4.5
2040 Potential New Reclaimed Water for Reuse	3.7	5.2
2040 Total	6.1	9.7



## Marion and North Lake Water Resource Development Projects

Туре	Number of Projects	Quantity Water Produced (mgd)	Estimated Construction Cost (Million dollars)
Multi-Source <sup>1</sup>	1	5	<b>\$9.3</b>

Combined source that can include reclaimed water, surface water, and stormwater



# Marion and North Lake Water Supply Development Projects

Туре	Number of Projects	Quantity Water Produced (mgd)	Estimated Construction Cost (Million dollars)
Groundwater	5	19.1	\$60.8
Reclaimed Water	8	5.6	\$40.1
Total	13	24.7	\$100.9



### SJRWMD Cost-Share in Marion and North Lake (Fiscal years 2014 to 2020)

- Total funds to Marion and North Lake cooperators = \$33.6M
- Funds for water supply, water conservation, and natural systems projects = \$13.5M
  - Alternative water supplies = 20.4 mgd
  - Water conservation = 1.8 mgd
  - Natural systems = 4.4 mgd



#### **Marion and North Lake Conclusions**

- Projected 30.0 mgd increase in demand from 2015 to 2040
- Cannot be met with traditional sources without predicted impacts to MFL water bodies and potential risk to wetlands
- CSEC RWSP identifies 48.2 mgd of projects and measures that will meet future demand, while protecting water resources and related natural systems



#### **Public Comment**

Moderated by Kraig McLane, Senior Project Manager Bureau of Water Supply Planning

SJRWMD also welcomes comments in writing to be submitted no later than August 27, 2021.

Please submit written comments by email to <u>csecrwspcomments@sjrwmd.com</u> or online at <u>www.sjrwmd.com/water-supply/planning/csec-rwsp/#documents</u>



### Workshop Closing

Clay Coarsey, Bureau Chief Water Supply Planning

For additional CSEC information, visit <a href="www.sjrwmd.com/water-supply/planning/csec-rwsp/">www.sjrwmd.com/water-supply/planning/csec-rwsp/</a> or contact Joy Kokjohn at (386)329-4223 or jkokjohn@sjrwmd.com

